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THE EUROPEAN UNION**

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**NOTE**

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from : Presidency  
to : Working Party on Statistics  
on : 3 September 2008

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(bg,es,cs,da,de,et,el,fr,it,lv,lt,hu,mt,nl,pl,pt,ro,sk,sl,fi,sv)

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Subject : Proposal for a Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council  
concerning crop statistics

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Delegations will find enclosed a note from the Presidency on the above proposal, with a view to the Working Party's next meeting on 3 September 2008.

## **1. Introduction**

The Commission has forwarded to the Council and to the Parliament a proposal for a Regulation on crop statistics, COM (2008) 210 final.

The Working Party considered the proposal for the first time on 11 July 2008, on the basis of an initial written consultation launched by the Slovenian Presidency, the outcome of which is summarised in a note from the French Presidency, reference 11372/08.

After hearing the Commission's views, most Member States described, in general terms, the difficulties that implementing the proposal as formulated would cause in their countries. On the whole, the comments made during the meeting confirmed or expanded on the main problems pointed up in the Presidency note. Taking table 1 as an example, a number of countries suggested specific improvements.

In order to make rapid progress on this issue at the following meeting, the Presidency concluded discussions with a request to Member States to send it any additional comments on how to solve the difficulties raised, particularly with regard to each of the tables, and to propose improvements to the text and the annexes.

## **2. General position**

In response to the request made at the meeting on 11 July, by 23 July some 18 Member States had sent in comments to the Council Secretariat and to the Presidency with requests for improvements to the proposal.

Having considered the papers submitted during both written consultations and heard Member States' arguments at the meeting on 11 July, the Presidency is now submitting a working paper for scrutiny by the Working Party.

This paper, which has not yet been approved by the Commission, amends the text of certain Articles of the Commission proposal and the Annexes thereto.

The Presidency would also like the text of any future compromise between Member States to obtain a favourable opinion from Parliament without too much difficulty and has thus incorporated in its paper some of the wording noted during negotiations on the Regulation on meat and livestock statistics.

### **3. Guidelines adopted**

- (a) Subject: the current draft is to be restricted to crops (hence, the section on soil use in table 4 should be deleted), such information will be available to the Commission in 2010, 2013 and 2016 pursuant to the Regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council on farm structure surveys and the survey on agricultural production methods and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 571/88. For the period post 2016, it will need to be considered, in the light of experience during the first few years of implementation of the rules now under discussion, whether or not their scope should be extended at a later date.
- (b) Accuracy: move to a standard error of 4 % and suggestion of introducing the possibility of adopting an error expressed in hectares, as in the current cereals Regulation.
- (c) Transmission to the Commission: for regional data, regions which represent a small proportion of national production should be excluded, to avoid prohibitive costs where sample surveys are conducted.
- (d) Implementing measures: accuracy requirements reinstated in Article 5, therefore accuracy can no longer be amended by committee procedure.
- (e) Methods other than surveys and the quality of those methods are to be incorporated in the report, without informing the Commission in advance.

- (f) Production and yield are to be quoted by weight at the time of harvest and not in dry equivalent, but the average national humidity percentage for the year is to be submitted for some crops, to be determined.
- (g) Table 1:
- area of some winter cereals only on 31 March;
  - May and August columns are not compulsory (could be deleted);
  - areas to be submitted by 31 July and 30 September of year n, then 31 March and 30 September of year n + 1;
  - production on 30 September of year n - column not compulsory (could be deleted);
  - production to be submitted by 31 October of year n, then 31 March and 30 September of year n + 1;
  - yields on 30 July not compulsory, those for 31 October compulsory;
  - deletion of other and total headings.
- (h) Table 2:
- deletion of totals;
  - deletion of column 3, crops under glass or high accessible cover;
  - columns 1 and 4 not compulsory.
- (i) Table 3:
- deletion of totals;
  - column 2 not compulsory;
  - columns 1 and 3 not compulsory for low producing countries.
- (j) On the inclusion of organic crops in this Regulation.

A number of Member States (Germany, Austria and the Netherlands) felt that it would perhaps be advisable to include organic produce in the Regulation under discussion, on the grounds that Article 36 of Council Regulation (EC) No 834/2007 on organic production stipulates: "Member States shall transmit to the Commission the statistical information necessary for the implementation and follow-up of this Regulation. This statistical information shall be defined within the context of the Community Statistical Programme."

The Presidency does not think that the aims of this Regulation should be extended, since requests for information on organic farming may exceed the bounds of crop, covering meat and livestock and processed products. As stated in the United Kingdom's contribution, it would be more appropriate, in the short term, to envisage submitting information by mutual agreement and to discuss the wider issue in the appropriate statistical bodies at Eurostat first of all.

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**PRESIDENCY AMENDMENTS FOR SCRUTINY**

Proposal for a  
**REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL**  
**concerning crop statistics**  
**(text with EEA relevance)**

THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Article 285(1) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission<sup>1</sup>,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament<sup>2</sup>,

Acting in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 251 of the Treaty<sup>3</sup>,

Whereas:

- (1) Council Regulation (EEC) No 837/90 of 26 March 1990 concerning statistical information to be supplied by the Member States on cereals production<sup>4</sup> and Council Regulation (EEC) No 959/93 of 5 April 1993 concerning statistical information to be supplied by Member States on crop products other than cereals<sup>5</sup> have been amended several times. Since further amendments and simplifications are now necessary, these acts should, for reasons of clarity, be replaced.
- (2) Statistics on crops are essential for management of the EU markets. It is also considered essential that vegetable and permanent crop statistics be covered in addition to statistics on cereals and remaining crops from arable land currently governed by legislation.

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<sup>1</sup> OJ C , p. .

<sup>2</sup> OJ C , p. .

<sup>3</sup> OJ C [...], [...], p. [...].

<sup>4</sup> OJ L 88, 3.4.1990, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1791/2006 (OJ L 363, 20.12.2006, p. 1).

<sup>5</sup> OJ L 98, 24.4.1993, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1791/2006 (OJ L 363, 20.12.2006, p. 1).

- (3) In order to ensure that the common agricultural policy is properly administered, the Commission requires that data on areas, yields and production of crops be provided regularly.
- (4) Council Regulation (EEC) No 571/88 of 29 February 1988 on the organisation of Community surveys on the structure of agricultural holdings<sup>1</sup> provides for a programme of Community surveys to provide statistics on the structure of agricultural holdings up to 2007.
- (5) In accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 May 2003 on the establishment of a common classification of territorial units for statistics (NUTS)<sup>2</sup>, all Member States' statistics transmitted to the Commission which are broken down by territorial units should use the NUTS classification. Consequently, in order to establish comparable regional statistics, the territorial units should be defined in accordance with the NUTS classification.
- (6) In order to limit the burden on Member States, the regional data requirements should not exceed the requirements under previous legislation (unless new regional levels have appeared in the meantime).
- (7) In order to facilitate the implementation of this Regulation, close cooperation is necessary between the Member States and the Commission, in particular via the Standing Committee for Agricultural Statistics set up by Council Decision 72/279/EEC<sup>3</sup>.
- (8) In order to ensure a smooth transition from the regime applicable under Council Regulations (EEC) No 837/90 and (EEC) No 959/93, this Regulation should allow for a transitional period of up to one year, to be granted to Member States where the application of this Regulation to their national statistical systems would require major adaptations and would be likely to cause significant practical problems.
- (9) Since the objective of the proposed action, namely the establishment of a common legal framework for the systematic production of Community statistics on areas under cultivation, yields and production of cereals and crops other than cereals in Member States, cannot be sufficiently achieved by the Member States and can therefore be better achieved at Community level, the Community may take action in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity as set out in Article 5 of the Treaty. In accordance with the principle of proportionality, as set out in the same Article, this Regulation does not go beyond what is necessary to achieve its objective.

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<sup>1</sup> OJ L 56, 2.3.1988, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1890/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 386, 29.12.2006, p. 12).

<sup>2</sup> OJ L 154, 21.6.2003, p. 1. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 176/2008 (JO L 61, 5.3.2008, p.1).

<sup>3</sup> OJ L 179, 7.8.1972, p. 1.

- (10) Council Regulation (EC) No 322/97 of 17 February 1997 on Community statistics<sup>1</sup> provides a reference framework for the provisions of this Regulation. In particular, it requires compliance with standards of impartiality, reliability, objectivity, scientific independence, cost-effectiveness and statistical confidentiality.
- (11) The measures necessary for implementation of this Regulation should be adopted in accordance with Council Decision 1999/468/EC of 28 June 1999 laying down the procedures for the exercise of implementing powers conferred on the Commission<sup>2</sup>.
- (12) In particular, powers should be conferred on the Commission to adapt the transmission tables. Since such measures are of general scope and are intended to amend non-essential elements of this Regulation or to supplement it by adding new non-essential elements, they must be adopted in accordance with the regulatory procedure with scrutiny provided for in Article 5a of Decision 1999/468/EC.
- (13) The Standing Committee for Agricultural Statistics has been consulted,

HAVE ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

### *Article 1*

#### **Subject matter**

This Regulation establishes a common framework for the systematic production of Community statistics on [...] crop production.

### *Article 2*

#### **Definitions**

1. For the purposes of this Regulation, the following definitions shall apply:
  - (a) "harvest year" shall mean the calendar year in which the harvest begins;
  - (b) "utilised agricultural area" shall mean the area as defined in Council Regulation (EEC) No 571/88.
2. ***Additional*** definitions ***are*** set out in Annex I to this Regulation. ***They*** shall apply only for the purposes of Annex II to this Regulation.

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<sup>1</sup> OJ L 52, 22.2.1997, p.1. Regulation as amended by Regulation (EC) No 1882/2003 (OJ L 284, 31.10.2003, p.1).

<sup>2</sup> OJ L 184, 17.7.1999, p. 23. Decision as amended by Decision 2006/512/EC (OJ L 200, 22.7.2006, p. 1).



Article 3

**Coverage**

1. Member States shall produce statistics on the crops listed in the Annex II produced on the utilised agricultural area within their territory.
2. **Member States which conduct sample surveys shall ensure that they cover [...] at least 95 % of [...]:**
  - (a) **the whole of the** area under cultivation on arable land (Table 1);
  - (b) **the whole of the** harvested area of vegetables, melons and strawberries (Table 2);
  - (c) **the whole of the** production area of permanent crops (Table 3);
  - (d) **the whole of the** utilised agricultural area (Table 4).
3. [...]

Article 4

**Frequency, [...] reference period and type of transmission**

**1.** Member States shall annually provide the Commission with the data referred to in Annex II. The reference period shall be the harvest year. The first reference year shall be 2010.

**In addition, Member States shall add to the data they forward an indication of the average humidity level expressed in percentage terms for the following crops..... The procedure for evaluating humidity shall be notified by the Commission.**

**2. Variables deemed by a Member State to be of low or zero prevalence may be excluded from the statistics submitted, provided the Member State informs the Commission of all such crops in the calendar year immediately preceding each of the reference periods.**

Article 5

**Accuracy**

Member States conducting sample surveys shall take the necessary steps to ensure that [...] **the standard error for each of the main crop groups in table 1 of Annex II to this Regulation does not exceed the greater of 4% nationally or .....hectares in each Member State.**[...]

In **cases** where [...] sources other than surveys **are used to establish these statistics**, Member States shall ensure **the** information **produced** is of at least equal quality to that of [...] **the data** from statistical surveys.

Article 6

**Transmission to the Commission**

Member States shall transmit to the Commission (Eurostat) **national and regional** data [...] within the time limits specified [...] **by** each of the tables **in the Annexes**.

**Data marked "R" in table 1 of Annex II shall be provided by the NUTS 1 and NUTS 2 territorial units defined in Regulation (EC) No 1059/2003. By way of exception, they may be provided only by NUTS 1 territorial units for Germany and United Kingdom. They shall be optional for territorial units which, taken together, represent 10 % or less of the national total for each crop concerned.**

[...]

Article 7

[...] **Implementing measures**

[...]

**1. The transmission tables as set out in the Annex II may be adapted by the committee procedure.**

**2. Measures designed to amend non-essential elements of this Regulation shall be adopted in accordance with the regulatory procedure with scrutiny referred to in Article 9(3).**

**3. Consideration shall be given to the principle that the benefits of amendments must outweigh the costs and to the principle that additional costs and burdens must remain within reasonable limits.**

#### Article 8

### Quality assessment and report

1. For the purpose of this Regulation, the following quality assessment dimensions shall apply to the data to be transmitted:

- (a) "relevance" refers to the degree to which statistics meet current and potential needs of users;
- (b) "accuracy" refers to the closeness of estimates to the unknown true values;
- (c) "timeliness" refers to the time lag between the availability of the information and the event or phenomenon it describes;
- (d) "punctuality" refers to the time lag between the date of release of the data and the target date when it should have been delivered;
- (e) "accessibility" and "clarity" refer to the conditions and procedures by which users can obtain, use and interpret data;
- (f) "comparability" refers to the measurement of the impact of differences in applied statistical concepts and measurement tools and procedures when statistics are compared between geographical areas, sectoral domains or over time;
- (g) "consistency" refers to the extent to which the data can be reliably combined in different ways and for various uses.

2. Every three years, and for the first time [...] **twenty one** months after the date of application of this Regulation, Member States shall provide the Commission (Eurostat) with a report on the quality of the data transmitted. **This report shall describe, depending on the choices made by Member States:**

- (a) **the organisation of the surveys covered by this Regulation and methodology applied;**
- (b) **the levels of accuracy achieved for the sample surveys; and;**
- (c) **the sources used other than surveys, with an assessment of their quality.**

3. Member States shall inform the Commission of any methodological or other change which would considerably influence the quality of the statistics, not later than three months after this change is effected.

4. [...]

5. The Commission (Eurostat) shall assess the quality of the data transmitted.

#### *Article 9*

#### **Committee procedure**

1. The Commission shall be assisted by the Standing Committee for Agricultural Statistics established by Council Decision 72/279/EEC.

2. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Articles 4 and 7 of Decision 1999/468/EC shall apply, having regard to Article 8 thereof.

The period laid down in Article 4(3) of that Decision shall be set at three months.

3. Where reference is made to this paragraph, Article 5a (1) to (4) and Article 7 of Decision 1999/468/EC shall apply, having regard to the provisions of Article 8 thereof.

#### *Article 10*

#### **Transitional period**

1. Full calendar year transitional periods for implementation of this Regulation ending no later than one year after the date from which it applies may be granted to Member States, in so far as the application of this Regulation to their national statistical systems requires major adaptations and is likely to cause significant practical problems [...].

2. To this end, a Member State shall submit a duly justified request to the Commission not later than three months after the entry into force of this Regulation.

#### *Article 11*

#### **Repeal**

1. Without prejudice to paragraph 3, Council Regulations (EEC) No 837/90 and (EEC) No 959/93 are hereby repealed as from 1 January 2010.
2. References made to the repealed Regulations shall be construed as being made to this Regulation.
3. By way of derogation from Article 12(2), a Member State granted a derogation in accordance with Article 10 shall continue to apply the provisions of Council Regulations (EEC) No 837/90 and (EEC) No 959/93 for the duration of the transitional period granted.

#### *Article 12*

#### **Entry into force**

1. This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.
2. It shall apply from 1 January 2010.
3. This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

*For the European Parliament*  
*The President*

*For the Council*  
*The President*

**ANNEX I**  
**DEFINITIONS**

For the purposes of Annex II to this Regulation, the following definitions shall apply:

A) Tables 1, 2 and 3 of Annex II

- "area [...]": [...] the area under cultivation [...];
- [...]
- "production area" for the purposes of permanent crops refers to the area that potentially can be harvested in the reference harvest year. It excludes all the non-producing areas, such as new plantations that have not yet started to produce;
- "[...]production" includes on-holding losses and wastage, quantities consumed directly on the farm and marketed quantities, indicated in units of basic product weight. The harvested production of cereals, dried pulses and protein crops, and oil plants (rape, sunflower, linseed, soya, cotton seed and other oil seeds) will be provided [...] **together with the national percentage of humidity for the harvest year** ;
- "yield" corresponds to the harvested production per area [...];

**Special cases:**

- "successive cropping" refers to a parcel of arable land that is used more than once during a given crop year, where the area has only one crop each time. Both areas are considered as areas [...] for each crop (the concepts of main and secondary areas are not applicable in this context);
- "combined cropping" applies to a combination of crops that occupy a parcel of agricultural area at the same time. The area [...] in this case is distributed between the crop products proportionately to the area of ground they occupy (the concepts of main and secondary areas are not applicable in this context);
- "dual-purpose crops" are by convention considered for their primary use and as secondary crops for their supplementary use.
- [...]

(B) [...]

## ANNEX II

[...]

Table 1 Crops from arable land

Transmission deadlines	Area under cultivation <i>of year n</i> (1000 hectares)							[...] production <i>of year n</i> (1000 tonnes)				Yield of <i>year n</i> (100 kg/ha)	
	[...] 31- March year n	31-May year n	[...] 31- July year n	31-August year n	30-Sept year n	[...] 31- March year n +1	30-Sept year n+1	30-Sept year n	31-Oct year n	[...] 31- March year n+1	30-Sept year n+1	[...] 31- July Year n	[...] 31-Oct year n
	<i>obligatory</i>	<i>optional</i>	<i>obligatory</i>	<i>optional</i>	<i>obligatory</i>	<i>obligatory</i>	<i>obligatory</i>	<i>optional</i>	<i>obligatory</i>	<i>obligatory</i>	<i>obligatory</i>	<i>optional</i>	<i>obligatory</i>
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
<b>Cereals for the production of grain (including seed)*</b>	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]
Cereals (excluding rice)	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	X	X	-	-
Common wheat and spelt of which:	[...]	X	X	X	X	X	R	X	X	X	R	X	X
Winter wheat	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Durum wheat	X	X	X	X	X	X	R	X	X	X	X	X	X
Rye and meslin	X	X	X	X	X	X	R	X	X	X	R	X	X
Barley of which:	[...]	X	X	X	X	X	R	X	X	X	R	X	X
Winter barley	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Oats	-	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Mixed grain other than maiz	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	X	X	-	-
Grain maize and com. cob mix	-	X	X	X	X	X	R	X	X	X	R	X	X
Rice of which:	-	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
India	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	X	X	-	-
Japanica	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	X	X	-	-
Other cereals n.e.c. of which:	-	-	-	-	-	[...]	[...]	-	-	[...]	[...]	-	-
Sorghum	-	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Triticale	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Millet, buckwheat, canary seed	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	X	X	-	-
<b>Dried pulses and protein crops for the production of grain<sup>1)</sup> (including seed and mid-use of cereals and pulses)</b>	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]
Field peas	-	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	X
Broad and field beans	-	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	X	X	X	-	-
Sweet Lupins	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	X	X	-	-
<b>Root crops</b>	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]
Potatoes (including early potatoes and seed potatoes)	-	X	X	X	X	X	X	-	X	X	X	-	-
Sugar beet (excluding seed)	-	X	X	X	X	X	R	-	X	X	R	-	-
<b>Industrial crops</b>	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]
Rape and turnip rape	X	X	X	X	X	X	R	X	X	X	R	X	X
Sunflower seed	-	X	X	X	X	X	R	X	X	X	R	-	-
Linseed (oil flax)	-	-	-	-	-	X	R	-	-	X	X	-	-
Soya	-	X	X	X	X	X	R	X	X	X	R	-	X
Cotton seed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-
Fibre Flax	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]
Hemp	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	X	X	-	-
Cotton fibre	-	-	-	-	-	X	R	-	-	X	X	-	-
Hops	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]
Tobacco	-	-	-	-	-	X	R	-	-	X	R	-	-
<b>Aromatic plants, medicinal and culinary plants</b>	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	X	X	-	-
<b>Plants harvested green</b>	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]
Annual plants harvested green	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	X	X	-	-
Green maize	-	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Other annual plants harvested green of which:	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]
Cereals harvested green	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	X	X	-	-
Leguminous plants	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-

[...]

Columns 1, 3, [...] and 13 are optional [...] *for those MS having an average national production [...] in the last 3 years [...] under ..... [2 580 000 tonnes for common wheat, 860 000 tonnes for durum wheat, 770 000 tonnes for barley, 80 000 tonnes for rye and meslin, 1 290 000 tonnes for grain maize, 170 000 tonnes for triticale, 130 000 tonnes for oat, sorghum and rice, 60 000 tonnes for field peas, 40 000 tonnes for field beans, 270 000 tonnes for rape, 180 000 tonnes for sunflower, 50 000 tonnes for soya per year. Columns 1, 3, 4 and 13 are optional if the average national production in the last 3 years was less than 700 000 tonnes of potatoes, 2 500 000 tonnes for sugar beet, and 4 500 000 tonnes for green maize per year]*

[...]

*Precision requirements as indicated on the regulation.*

The coefficient of variation of the data to be provided by 30 September of year n + 1 shall not exceed (at national level) [...] 2% for the total area under cultivation for each of the following groups of main crops: cereals for the production of grain (including seed and mixtures of cereals and pulses), root crops, industrial crops and plants harvested green



Table 2 Vegetables, melons and strawberries

Transmission deadlines	[...] area (1000 hectares)			[...] production (1000 tonnes)	
	Total		[...]	31-March year n+1	30-Sept year n+1
	31-March year n+1	30-Sept year n+1			
	1	2	[...]	4	5
<b>Vegetables, melons and strawberries</b>	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]
<b>Brassicas</b>	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]
Cauliflower and broccoli	X	X	[...]	X	X
Cabbage (white)	X	X	[...]	X	X
<b>Leafy or stalked vegetables</b>	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]
Celery	X	X	[...]	X	X
Leeks	X	X	[...]	X	X
Lettuces	X	X	[...]	X	X
Endives	X	X	[...]	X	X
Spinach	X	X	[...]	X	X
Asparagus	X	X	[...]	X	X
Chicory	X	X	[...]	X	X
Artichokes	X	X	[...]	X	X
<b>Vegetables cultivated for fruit</b>	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]
Tomatoes of which:	X	X	[...]	X	X
Tomatoes for fresh consumption	-	X	[...]	-	X
Cucumbers	X	X	[...]	X	X
Gherkins	X	X	[...]	X	X
Melons	X	X	[...]	X	X
Watermelons	X	X	[...]	X	X
Egg-plants	X	X	[...]	X	X
Courgettes	X	X	[...]	X	X
Red pepper, capsicum	X	X	[...]	X	X
<b>Root tuber and bulb vegetables</b>	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]
Carrots	X	X	[...]	X	X
Garlic	X	X	[...]	X	X
Onions	X	X	[...]	X	X
Shallots	X	X	[...]	X	X
Celeriac	X	X	[...]	X	X
Radishes	X	X	[...]	X	X
<b>Pulses</b>	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]
Peas	X	X	[...]	X	X
Beans	X	X	[...]	X	X
[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]
<b>Strawberries</b>	X	X	[...]	X	X
<b>Cultivated mushrooms</b>	X	X	[...]	X	X

Columns 1 and 4 are optional *for all MS* [...]

**Table 3 Permanent crops**

Transmission deadlines	Production area (1000 hectares)	[...] production (1000 tonnes)	
	30-Sept year n+1	31-March year n+1	30-Sept year n+1
	1	2	3
<b>Permanent crops</b>	[...]	[...]	[...]
<b>Fruit of temperate climate zones</b>	[...]	[...]	[...]
Apples of which:	X	X	X
Apples for fresh consumption	-	-	X
Pears	X	X	X
Peaches	X	X	X
Apricots	X	X	X
Nectarines	X	X	X
Cherries of which:	X	X	X
Sour cherries	X	X	X
Plums	X	X	X
<b>Berry species</b> of which:	[...]	[...]	[...]
Blackcurrants	X	X	X
Raspberries	X	X	X
<b>Nuts</b>	[...]	[...]	[...]
Walnuts	X	X	X
Hazelnuts	X	X	X
Almonds	X	X	X
Chesnuts	X	X	X
<b>Fruit of subtropical climate zones of which:</b>	[...]	[...]	[...]
Figs	X	X	X
Kiwis	X	X	X
Avocados	X	X	X
<b>Citrus fruit</b>	[...]	[...]	[...]
Pamelos and grapefruits	X	X	X
Lemons, Acid limes	X	X	X
Oranges	X	X	X
<b>Small citrus fruit</b>	[...]	[...]	[...]
Satsumas	X	X	X
Clementines	X	X	X
<b>Vineyard</b>	X	X	X
Vineyard for wine:	X	X	X
Wine with protected designation of origin	[...]	[...]	[...]
Wine with protected geographical indication	[...]	[...]	[...]
Other wine	[...]	[...]	[...]
Vineyard for table grape	X	X	X
Vineyard for raisin	[...]	[...]	[...]
<b>Olive trees</b>			
Olive trees for table olive	X	X	X
Olive trees for olive oil	X	X	X
[...]	[...]	[...]	[...]

Column 2 is optional ***for all MS [...]***

Columns 1, [...] and 3 are optional if the national production area is less than 500 hectares for citrus fruit, for vineyard and for olive trees.

**Table 4 Land Use *to be deleted***  
***this information will be available***  
***With FSS 2010 2013 2016***

	<b>Main Area</b> (1000 hectares)
<b>Transmission deadline</b>	<b>30-sept</b> <b>year n+1</b>
<b>Utilized Agriculture Area</b>	R
<b>Arable land</b>	R
<b>Cereals for the production of grain (inc</b>	X
<b>Dried pulses and protein crops for the</b>	
<b>production of grain</b>	
<b>(including seed and mixtures of</b>	
<b>cereals and pulses)</b>	X
<b>Potatoes (including early potatoes and</b>	X
<b>Sugar beet (excluding seed)</b>	X
<b>Fodder roots and brassicas (excluding</b>	X
<b>Industrial crops</b>	X
<b>Fresh vegetables, melons and strawbe</b>	X
<b>Flowers and ornamental plants (exclud</b>	X
<b>Plants harvested green</b>	X
<b>Arable land seeds and seedlings</b>	X
<b>Other arable land crops</b>	X
<b>Fallow land</b>	R
<b>Kitchen gardens</b>	X
<b>Permanent grassland</b>	R
<b>Permanent crops of which:</b>	X
<b>Fruit and berries plantation</b>	R
<b>Olive plantations</b>	R
<b>Vineyards</b>	R
<b>Permanent crops under glass</b>	X

