

### 13. INDUSTRY

The statistics of industry includes data from enterprises principal activity of which is industry. Data are measured by the **enterprise method**, i.e. for enterprises having their registered office on the relevant territory, including their establishments, plants, and units located in other regions. A 100% survey is applied to get data from enterprises with 100+ employees.

**Sales of own goods and services incidental to industry** to external users include only sales from the sale of products and services according to CZ-CPA 05-39, i.e. sales adjusted by non-industrial activities of an enterprise. Trade, transmission, distribution, and supply of energy also belong to services incidental to industry. Revenue from such service is the difference in between purchased and sold (delivered) energy. Sales (revenues) include revenues from sale of own tangible and intangible output valued at current prices. The sales (revenues) exclude VAT, consumer tax, and customs duty.

The registered **number of employees** (headcount) includes all permanent, seasonal, and temporary employees who have a contract of employment with an employer and receive **wage** from the employer for their work done.

The **average monthly gross wage** per employee in industry is based on the wage bill (gross) (i.e. without deductions imposed by law or agreed upon with the employee), to be paid in the given period. The wage bill does not include funds paid from the other personnel expenses account.