Since 2005, the Czech Statistical Office (CZSO) has been monitoring the spread of selected information technologies in households by way of an independent annual statistical survey titled: "Sample Survey on the Use of Information and Communication Technologies in Households and Among Individuals".

In the Czech Republic, this survey is conducted as an annex to the Labour Force Survey (LFS) in the form of a Computer Assisted Personal Interviewing (CAPI). The target population consists of all households (4,2 million). In 2008 this survey was conducted in the second quarter, with the questions in the questionnaire being answered by approximately 9,500 individuals from 4,700 households.

Since 2006, a survey is being conducted according to Regulation (EC) No 808/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning statistics on the information society, thereby allowing for the production of data comparable with individual EU states, Iceland and Norway.

Notes:

Reference period: Household data refers to the second quarter of the relevant year.

Comparability of data published by the CZSO and Eurostat: The data published by Eurostat for Czech households differs slightly from the data published by the CZSO. This difference is due to the fact that Eurostat includes, as part of the data it publishes, solely households headed up by at least one person between 16 and 74 years of age. As standard, the CZSO provides data for all households. This is the reason why the detailed tables for the Czech Republic give dual values: total and total (16-74).

Definitions:

- Big cities (densely-populated areas) set of local areas, each of which has a density superior to 500 inhabitants per square kilometre, where the total population for the set is at least 50,000 inhabitants.
- Urban areas (intermediate areas) set of local areas, not belonging
 to a densely populated area, each of which has a density superior to
 100 inhabitants per square kilometre, and either with a total
 population for the set of at least 50,000 inhabitants or adjacent to a
 densely populated area.
- Rural areas (thinly-populated areas) set of local areas belonging neither to a densely populated nor to an intermediate area.
- Broadband connection includes one of the following Internet access services that enable a high speed internet connection (256 or more kbit/s, in one or both directions): xDSL (ADSL etc.), Cable TV (cable modem/CATV), WiFi and other fixed wireless connections (FWA), connections via mobile networks (EDGE, CDMA, or UMTS) and other such as Fibre, LAN, Satellite technologies, etc.

Detailed **methodical information** in respect of this survey is contained in the annual publication titled: "Use of ICT by Households and Individuals in 2008, Code 9701-08", which is freely available on the CZSO's website: http://www.czso.cz/csu/2008edicniplan.nsf/engp/9701-08

The CZSO's Household Budget Survey acts as a supplementary source of information to this survey. From this source originate data on the equipping of households with fixed and mobile telephones and in the case of data prior to 2005.also on the computers and the Internet Information on the households' consumption expenditures on ICT equipment and services also originate from the same source.

More detailed information and data are available free of charge at the following dedicated website (only in Czech):

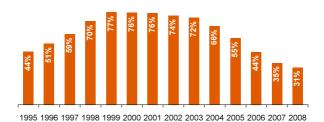
http://www.czso.cz/csu/redakce.nsf/i/domacnosti a jednotlivci

Tab. B1 Households with fixed telephone in the Czech Republic

			%
	2006	2007	2008
Total	44,0	34,8	31,1
Household composition:			
households without children	47,1	38,5	34,9
households with children	38,5	28,1	24,4
Status of head of household:			
employee	38,6	29,6	24,8
own-account worker	48,9	39,0	37,0
unemployed	21,9	15,0	15,9
pensioner	54,1	44,5	41,3
Age group of head of household:			
till 29 years	10,3	7,3	6,6
30-39 years	27,0	17,0	13,7
40-49 years	44,1	33,2	28,2
50-59 years	49,2	38,0	33,1
60-69 years	54,3	43,2	36,5
70 and more years	60,9	53,1	52,4

as a percentage of all households in a given socio-demographic category

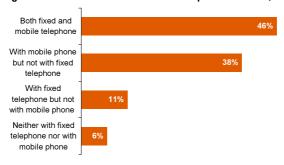
Figure B1 Households with fixed telephone



as a percentage of all households

Source: Czech Statistical Office, Household Budget Survey

Figure B2 Individuals with access to telephone at home, 2006



as a percentage of all individuals aged 16 years and over

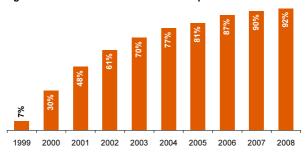
Source: Czech Statistical Office, Household Survey on ICT Use

Tab. B2 Households with mobile phone in the Czech Republic

			%
	2006	2007	2008
Total	87,0	90,2	92,4
Household composition:			
households without children	81,9	86,1	89,2
households with children	95,9	97,4	98,0
Status of head of household:			
employee	94,4	95,3	95,9
own-account worker	88,6	89,5	92,7
unemployed	87,1	91,1	92,8
pensioner	71,3	79,7	84,7
Age group of head of household:			
till 29 years	98,5	96,1	95,6
30-39 years	95,4	96,6	97,7
40-49 years	95,1	97,0	97,9
50-59 years	89,3	90,9	93,6
60-69 years	82,4	87,9	90,3
70 and more years	65,4	74,7	80,4

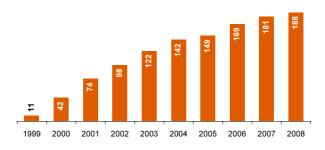
as a percentage of all households in a given socio-demographic category

Figure B3 Households with a mobile telephone



as a percentage of all households

Figure B4 Number of mobile phones in households per 100 households



Source: Czech Statistical Office, Household Budget Survey

Tab. B3 Households with a computer in the Czech Republic

			%
	2006	2007	2008
Total	35,7	39,6	47,7
Total (16-74 years)	39,0	43,4	52,4
Household composition:			
households without children	20,9	24,1	31,7
households with children	61,6	66,7	76,3
Type of locality:			
densely-populated area (big cities)	38,5	45,2	51,8
intermediate urbanized area (urban areas)	35,0	37,7	46,1
thinly-populated area (rural areas)	33,6	35,9	45,1

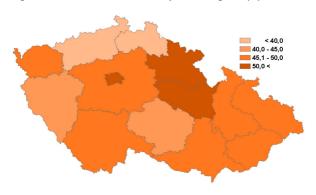
as a percentage of all households in a given socio-demographic category

Figure B5 Households with a computer



as a percentage of all households

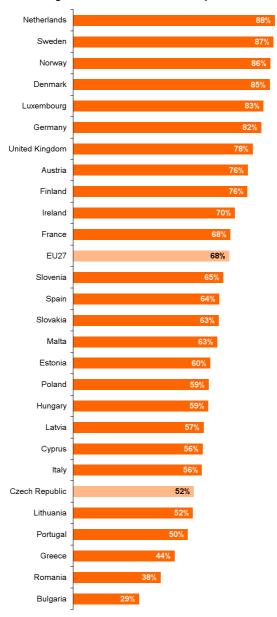
Figure B6 Households with a computer in regions (%), 2008



as a percentage of all households in each Czech region

Source: Czech Statistical Office, HBS and Household Survey on ICT Use

Figure B7 Households with a computer in 2008



as a percentage of all households where at least 1 member is in age group 16-74 years

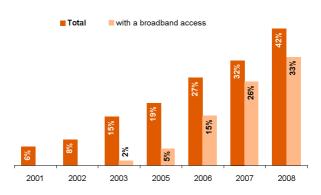
Source: Eurostat, 2009

Tab. B4 Households with the Internet in the Czech Republic

			70
	2006	2007	2008
Total	26,7	32,0	41,7
Total (16-74 years)	29,3	35,1	45,9
Household composition:			
households without children	16,0	19,0	27,3
households with children	45,0	55,0	67,3
Type of locality:			
densely-populated area (big cities)	31,4	38,4	47,8
intermediate urbanized area (urban areas)	25,9	30,4	40,1
thinly-populated area (rural areas)	23,2	27,3	37,3

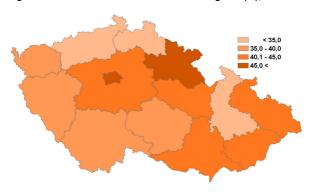
as a percentage of all households in a given socio-demographic category

Figure B8 Households with the Internet



as a percentage of all households

Figure B9 Households with the Internet in regions (%), 2008



as a percentage of all households in each Czech region

Source: Czech Statistical Office, HBS and Household Survey on ICT Use

Netherlands 86% Sweden Norway Denmark Luxembourg Germany Finland United Kingdom Austria Ireland France EU27 60% Malta 59% Slovenia Slovakia Estonia Latvia Spain Lithuania Hungary Poland Italy 47% Portugal Czech Republic 46% Cyprus Greece 31% Romania

Figure B10 Households with the Internet

as a percentage of all households where at least 1 member is in age group 16-74 years

Bulgaria

Source: Eurostat, 2009

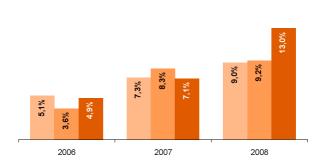
Tab. B5 Households with broadband in the Czech Republic

			%
	2006	2007	2008
Total	15,1	25,6	33,1
Total (16-74 years)	16,6	28,1	36,4
Household composition:			
households without children	9,0	14,9	21,6
households with children	25,8	44,1	53,6
Type of locality:			
densely-populated area (big cities)	20,4	33,3	39,3
intermediate urbanized area (urban area	14,4	22,9	30,6
thinly-populated area (rural areas)	11,0	20,4	29,2
Region (NUTS 3):			
Praha	25,5	41,7	47,9
Středočeský	14,8	28,0	34,0
Jihočeský	8,8	24,3	31,0
Plzeňský	12,1	16,6	30,1
Karlovarský	13,7	19,2	24,7
Ústecký	9,2	17,8	23,1
Liberecký	13,4	27,2	24,7
Královéhradecký	17,6	22,0	39,0
Pardubický	15,4	20,0	37,2
Vysočina	14,9	24,7	34,4
Jihomoravský	18,6	29,5	31,1
Olomoucký	12,8	19,0	28,0
Zlínský	10,1	21,9	31,7
Moravskoslezský	13,8	22,9	30,6

as a percentage of all households in a given socio-demographic category

■TV cabel ■ADSL ■wireless connection (WIFI, FWA)

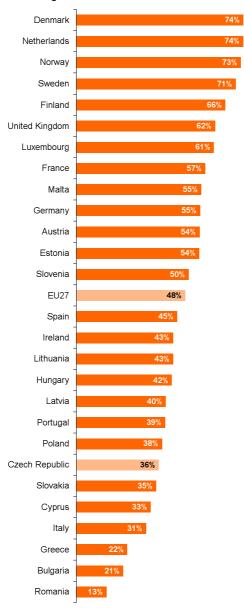
Figure B11 Broadband technology used by households



as a percentage of all households

Source: Czech Statistical Office, Household Survey on ICT Use

Figure B12 Households with broadband in 2008



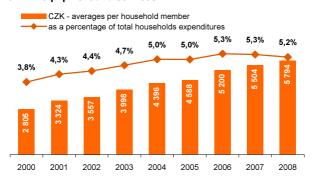
as a percentage of all households where at least 1 member is in age group 16-74 years

Tab. B6 Household consumption expenditure on ICT equipment and services in the Czech Republic

CZK - averages per household member

	2006	2007	2008
Average household	5 201	5 504	5 794
ICT equipment acquisition	928	1 020	895
fixed telephones	9	4	5
mobile phones	271	281	224
computers	648	735	666
Communication services	4 273	4 484	4 900
fixed telephone services	1 331	1 050	871
mobile phone services	2 507	2 779	3 123
Internet provider services	435	655	906
Households with lowest income			
(the bottom decile)	3 105	3 586	3 993
ICT equipment acquisition	399	655	557
fixed telephones	4	1	4
mobile phones	144	180	131
computers	251	475	422
Communication services	2 706	2 931	3 436
fixed telephone services	664	421	400
mobile phone services	1 808	2 117	2 325
Internet provider services	234	393	711
Households with highets income			
(the top decile)	8 382	8 499	9 679
ICT equipment acquisition	1 656	1 657	1 945
fixed telephones	12	1	8
mobile phones	550	395	465
computers	1 094	1 261	1 472
Communication services	6 726	6 842	7 735
fixed telephone services	1 851	1 641	1 300
mobile phone services	3 998	4 098	4 891
Internet provider services	877	1 102	1 544

Figure B13 Household consumption expenditure on ICT equipment and services



Source: Czech Statistical Office, Household Budget Survey