

COMPARISONS OF EU COUNTRIES: 2009<sup>1)</sup>

	EU 27	Belgium	Bulgaria	Czech Republic	Denmark	Estonia	Finland	France	Ireland	Italy	Cyprus	Lithuania	Latvia	Luxembourg	Hungary	Malta	Germany	Netherlands	Poland	Portugal	Austria	Romania	Greece	Slovakia	Slovenia	United Kingdom	Spain	Sweden	
GDP per capita in PPS	100	116	.	81	117	63	111	107	131	102	98	53	49	267	63	78	116	130	61	78	122	.	<sup>6)</sup> 95	72	87	116	104	120	
Growth rate of real GDP per capita, constant prices	-4.2	-3.0	-5.0	-4.1	-4.9	-14.1	-8.0	-2.6	-7.1	-5.0	-1.7	-14.8	-18.0	-4.1	-6.3	-1.5	-4.9	-4.0	1.7	-2.6	-3.9	-7.1	<sup>6)</sup> -2.0	-4.7	-7.8	-4.9	-3.6	-5.1	
Labour productivity per person employed (GDP in PPS per person employed)	100.0	123.9	<sup>6)</sup> 37.2	71.8	100.5	63.8	107.0	120.3	135.0	109.5	88.6	55.6	49.9	167.7	70.1	87.6	105.0	110.4	<sup>6)</sup> 65.1	73.8	111.4	47.1	<sup>6)</sup> 101.9	78.8	80.8	110.0	110.7	111.4	
Business investment <sup>1)</sup>	.	19.5	19.9	17.1	16.6	17.0	16.8	17.2	11.0	16.5	.	13.1	17.5	13.9	17.3	.	16.2	14.9	15.7	17.1	20.0	20.2	<sup>6)</sup> 13.9	21.3	19.1	12.0	20.0	14.3	
Gross domestic expenditure on R&D (GERD): 2008 (% of GDP)	<sup>7)</sup> 1.90	<sup>6)</sup> 1.92	<sup>6)</sup> 0.49	1.47	<sup>7)</sup> 2.72	<sup>6)</sup> 1.29	3.73	<sup>6)</sup> 2.02	<sup>6)</sup> 1.43	<sup>6)</sup> 1.18	<sup>6)</sup> 0.46	0.80	0.61	<sup>6)</sup> 1.62	1.00	<sup>6)</sup> 0.59	<sup>7)</sup> 2.63	<sup>6)</sup> 1.63	<sup>6)</sup> 0.61	<sup>6)</sup> 1.51	<sup>7)</sup> 2.67	0.58	.	0.47	1.66	<sup>6)</sup> 1.88	1.35	<sup>7)</sup> 3.75	
Comparative price levels	100.0	113.9	52.7	70.6	144.6	75.1	126.4	114.3	125.0	106.5	91.2	67.8	74.8	121.3	65.5	81.4	106.4	108.5	58.6	89.3	107.9	57.5	97.4	73.7	85.5	92.7	97.4	107.0	
Tax rate on low wage earners <sup>2)</sup> : 2008	.	59.0	22.0	41.0	79.0	23.0	56.0	47.0	50.0	37.0	.	27.0	32.0	52.0	39.0	19.0	56.0	84.0	62.0	23.0	41.0	.	24.0	25.0	53.0	52.0	21.0	45.0	
Employment rate (age group 15–64)	64.6	61.6	62.6	65.4	75.7	63.5	68.7	64.2	61.8	57.5	69.9	60.1	60.9	65.2	55.4	54.9	70.9	77.0	59.3	66.3	71.6	58.6	61.2	60.2	67.5	69.9	59.8	72.2	
Employment rate of older workers (aged 55–64)	46.0	35.3	46.1	46.8	57.5	60.4	55.5	38.9	51.0	35.7	56.0	51.6	53.2	38.2	32.8	28.1	56.2	55.1	32.3	49.7	41.1	42.6	42.2	39.5	35.6	57.5	44.1	70.0	
Long-term unemployment rate (12 months and more)	3.0	3.5	3.0	2.0	0.5	3.8	1.4	3.3	3.4	3.5	0.6	3.2	4.6	1.2	4.2	3.0	3.4	0.8	2.5	4.3	1.0	2.2	3.9	6.5	1.8	1.9	4.3	1.1	
Dispersion of regional employment rates: 2007	11.1	8.6	7.1	4.6	<sup>8)</sup> .	<sup>8)</sup> .	5.6	6.6	<sup>8)</sup> .	16.3	<sup>8)</sup> .	<sup>8)</sup> .	<sup>8)</sup> .	<sup>8)</sup> .	9.7	<sup>8)</sup> .	4.8	2.2	4.5	3.3	3.8	4.6	3.5	8.3	<sup>8)</sup> .	5.4	7.5	2.4	
At-risk-of-poverty rate after social transfers <sup>3)</sup> : 2008	16.5	14.7	21.4	9.0	11.8	19.5	13.6	<sup>6)</sup> 13.4	15.4	18.7	16.2	20.0	25.6	13.4	12.4	14.6	15.2	10.5	16.9	18.5	12.4	23.4	20.1	10.9	12.3	<sup>6)</sup> 18.8	19.6	12.2	
Youth education attainment level, aged 20–24 (secondary and higher education)	78.6	83.3	83.7	91.9	70.1	82.3	85.1	83.6	87.0	76.3	87.4	86.9	80.5	76.8	84.0	52.1	73.7	76.6	91.3	55.5	86.0	78.3	82.2	93.3	89.4	79.3	59.9	<sup>6)</sup> 86.4	
Healthy life years at birth <sup>4)</sup> : 2007																													
Males	<sup>7)</sup> 61.6	63.3	.	61.3	67.4	49.5	56.7	63.1	62.7	<sup>7)</sup> 62.8	63.0	53.4	50.9	62.2	55.0	69.0	58.8	65.7	57.4	58.3	58.4	60.4	65.9	55.4	58.7	<sup>7)</sup> 64.8	63.2	67.5	
Females	<sup>7)</sup> 62.3	63.7	.	63.2	67.4	54.6	58.0	64.2	65.3	<sup>7)</sup> 62.0	62.7	57.7	53.7	64.6	57.6	70.8	58.4	63.7	61.3	57.3	61.1	62.4	67.1	55.9	62.3	<sup>7)</sup> 66.2	62.9	66.6	
Greenhouse gas emissions: 2008, 1990=100	88.7	92.9	62.6	72.5	92.6	49.6	99.7	93.6	123.0	104.7	193.9	48.9	44.4	95.2	75.1	144.2	77.8	97.6	87.3	132.2	110.8	60.3	122.8	66.1	115.2	81.4	142.3	88.3	
Energy intensity of the economy <sup>5)</sup> : 2008	100.0	131.0	176.8	149.2	83.5	179.7	161.9	109.8	72.8	82.6	104.4	122.2	98.7	93.7	115.0	83.9	100.4	105.3	127.4	82.9	90.9	109.1	83.5	131.6	116.7	85.1	84.1	122.5	
Total energy consumption of transport: 2008 (mil. toe)	374.3	11.2	2.8	6.5	5.5	0.8	5.0	50.5	5.4	43.9	1.0	1.8	1.3	2.6	4.8	0.3	61.4	15.8	15.8	7.3	8.4	5.2	8.5	2.2	2.1	54.9	40.2	9.1	
Volume of freight transport relative to GDP: 2008, 2000=100	<sup>7)</sup> 104.0	<sup>7)</sup> 72.8	120.7	86.6	73.8	61.8	76.4	83.4	97.0	<sup>7)</sup> 92.0	80.0	119.0	101.0	96.1	131.1	.	110.0	89.1	122.5	133.0	91.4	148.5	.	90.9	152.5	<sup>7)</sup> 87.0	123.9	97.1	
Share of electricity generated from renewable energy sources in gross electricity consumption: 2007	7.8	3.1	4.7	4.7	17.3	10.0	22.6	7.0	2.9	6.9	2.4	8.9	29.7	2.5	5.3	.	8.3	3.6	5.1	17.6	23.8	11.9	5.0	5.5	10.0	2.1	7.0	30.9	

<sup>1)</sup> Source: Eurostat; EU 27 = European Union 27 countries; in % except for Healthy life years at birth (years) and Total energy consumption of transport (mil. toe)

<sup>2)</sup> Gross fixed capital formation by the private sector as a percentage of GDP

<sup>3)</sup> Data only for single persons without children earning max. 67% of the average wage

<sup>4)</sup> Share of the population with an equivalised disposable income below the risk-of-poverty threshold, which is set at 60% of the national median equivalised disposable income (after social transfers)

<sup>5)</sup> The number of years that a person at birth is still expected to live in a healthy condition. A healthy condition is defined by the absence of limitations in functioning/disability

<sup>6)</sup> Gross consumption of energy (in toe) divided by GDP (in 1 000 PPS); CZSO calculation

<sup>7)</sup> Preliminary data

<sup>8)</sup> Estimate

<sup>9)</sup> Not applicable – country is not broken down to the NUTS 2 level