

Methodological notes

Data in this publication are adjusted to relate to the territories of regions effective as of 1 January 2013.

All data refer to the resident population of the region, irrespective of citizenship. Since 2001, the figures include (in accordance with the Population and Housing Census 2001) foreigners with long-term stay (i.e. the stay based on visa over 90 days, as stipulated by Act No. 326/1999 Coll.) and foreigners with granted asylum status (in compliance with Act No. 325/1999 Coll.). Since 1 May 2004, in accordance with amendment No. 326/1999 Coll., the figures include citizens of the European Union with temporary stay on the territory of the Czech Republic, and citizens of other countries with long-term stay. The data also contain information on events (marriages, births, deaths) of permanent residents of the CR that occurred abroad.

All data concerning 'age' always refer to completed age. Unless otherwise stated, the age data (or age difference) are given in terms of years. The length of life in days given for newborn deaths refers to calendar age, i.e. to the difference between the date of birth and the date of death.

The regions are classified according to constitutional Act No. 347/1997 Coll. (as amended by Act No. 176/2001) on the establishment of higher self-governing territorial units and Act No. 387/2004 Coll., on minor changes of regional boundaries. According to the Act No. 387/2004 Coll., a total of 25 municipalities were shifted from the region Vysočina to the region Jihomoravský (Borač, Borovník, Černvír, Dolní Loučky, Doubravník, Drahonín, Horní Loučky, Kaly, Katov, Křižínkov, Kuřimská Nová Ves, Kuřimské Jestřabí, Lubné, Nedvědice, Níhov, Olší, Pernštejnské Jestřabí, Rojetín, Řikonín, Senorady, Skryje, Tišnovská Nová Ves, Újezd u Tišnova, Vratislávka a Žďárec) and three municipalities from the region Moravskoslezský to Olomoucký (Huzová, Moravský Beroun, Norberčany). In the first mentioned shift, a total of 22 municipalities have not changed the determination during the following period. By contrast, the municipality Křižovice (formerly independent) was incorporated in the municipality Doubravník during the following period, the municipality Prosačín was incorporated in Kuřimská Nová Ves and Blahoňov into Kuřimské Jestřabí. These incorporated municipalities were also covered to the adjustments for years when they were independent.

Municipalities are classified into size groups according to the population size as of 31 December of given year.

The population as of 31 December of given year is equal the population as of 1 January of the next year. And, the population as of 31 December of given year is computed as the population as of 1 January of given year plus total population increase. It is not true for years in which the population census was held, when the stock as of 31 December of the year before census is not equal the stock as of 1 January of census year. Here it refers to the Population and Housing Census 2011 - the population as of 1 January 2011 differs from the population as of 31 December 2010.

Definitions of marriages, divorces, births, abortions and deaths and the derived indicators are given in the Demographic Yearbook of the Czech Republic (code 4019-13).

Migration is the change in a place of permanent residence from municipality to municipality within the territory of the Czech Republic or across the borders of the Czech Republic (external migration). The total for both internal and external migration is stated in the Yearbook. The statistics measures the number of moves, not the number of migrants – one person could possibly move twice or more times.

Arrivals in and departures from the region refer to migration across the border of the region (so as including international migration). Intra-regional migration refers to the migration within the region, i.e. not across the border of the region. We distinguish migration between districts of the same region and migration between municipalities of the same district (i.e. within the district, not across the border of the district). There is no intra-regional migration in the Prague.

Symbols used in tables:

- *The symbol of dash in place of a figure indicates that the phenomenon did not occur.*
- . *The symbol of dot shows that the figure is not available or cannot be relied on.*
- x *The symbol of small cross shows that the figure is not applicable.*
- 0 *The symbol of zero in a table designates figures smaller than half of the unit of measure chosen.*