

Harmonised index of consumer prices

Harmonised indices of consumer prices (HICP) in the European Union were built in response to the need of having comparable consumer price indices enabling us to measure the trends of inflation in EU member states as a criterion for membership of the Monetary Union. There are no expectations, however, that the HICP would substitute the national consumer price indices. Many technical aspects of HICP calculation are used in national indices anyway. For example, having one set of sampling rules for the national CPI and another for the HICP would not be cost effective. We assume that the national indices and the HICP are likely to converge in the future.

There are certain differences between the structure of the consumer basket for the Czech Republic's national CPI and that for the HICP. The HICP weights include revenue from non-residents spending in the Czech Republic but they do not include imputed rentals. On the other hand, the national CPI weights do not include non-residents spending but they do include imputed rentals.

Starting from 2001, in compliance with the rules for candidate countries, the Czech Republic provides Eurostat with the indices of consumer prices whose calculation incorporates all methodological and computation procedures of harmonisation. According to current standards for candidate countries, the HICP is fully comparable with the HICP of other countries from the beginning of 2001.

HICP (corresponding month of the previous year = 100)

	Mar 2012	Apr 2012	May 2012	June 2012		Mar 2012	Apr 2012	May 2012	June 2012
EU 27	102,9	102,7	102,6	102,6p	Czech Republic	104,2	104,0	103,5	103,8
Belgium	103,1	102,9	102,6	102,2	Denmark	102,7	102,3	102,1	102,2
Germany	102,3	102,2	102,2	102,0	Estonia	104,7	104,3	104,1	104,4
Greece	101,4	101,5	100,9	101,0	Cyprus	103,5	103,6	103,7	102,9
Spain	101,8	102,0	101,9	101,8	Latvia	103,2	102,8	102,3	102,1
France	102,6	102,4	102,3	102,3	Lithuania	103,7	103,3	102,6	102,6
Ireland	102,2	101,9	101,9	101,9	Hungary	105,5	105,6	105,4	105,6
Italy	103,8	103,7	103,5	103,6	Malta	102,6	103,8	103,7	104,4
Luxembourg	102,9	103,0	102,7	102,6	Poland	103,9	104,0	103,6	104,2
Netherlands	102,9	102,8	102,5	102,5p	Slovenia	102,4	102,9	102,4	102,4
Austria	102,6	102,3	102,2r	102,2p	Slovakia	103,9	103,7	103,4	103,7
Portugal	103,1	102,9	102,7	102,7	Sweden	101,1	101,0	100,9	100,9
Finland	102,9	103,0	103,1	102,9	United Kingdom	103,5	103,0	102,8	.
Bulgaria	101,7	102,0	101,8	101,6	Romania	102,5	101,9	102,0	102,2

* p - preliminary

r - revised

Source: Eurostat http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/portal/page?_pageid=2714,1,2714_61582043&_dad=portal&_schema=PORTAL