## Methodological notes

The current territorial division of the state was stipulated by the Act No. 36/1960 Coll., on the territorial division of the state. On the day when the act went into force, 1 July 1960, there were 75 districts on the territory of the present Czech Republic. On 1 January 1996 a new district Jeseník was established by the Act No. 108/1995 Coll., which changes and completes the Act No. 36/1960 Coll. According to the Act No. 387/2004 Coll., on the changes in the territorial definition of the regions, on 1 January 2005 a total of 25 municipalities were shifted from the region Vysočina to the region Jihomoravský and three municipalities were shifted from the region Moravskoslezský to the region Olomoucký. It meant the shift of 24 municipalities from the district Žďár nad Sázavou and of one municipality from the district Třebíč all to the district Brno-venkov and three municipalities from the district Bruntál to the district Olomouc. According to the Notice No. 513/2006 Coll. that modifies the Notice No. 564/2002 Coll. on the territorial definition of the districts, a total of 119 municipalities were shifted between districts on 1 January 2007 (see table below).

According to the current territorial division there are 76 districts (LAU1) except the Prague town in the Czech Republic.

Since 2005 (the period for which there are data) the listed changes in territorial division was made:

Municipality	From LAU1 district	To LAU1 district
On 1 January 2005		
Borač, Borovník, Černvír, Dolní Loučky, Doubravník, Drahonín, Horní Loučky, Kaly, Katov, Křižínkov, Kuřimská Nová Ves, Kuřimské Jestřabí, Lubné, Nedvědice, Níhov, Olší, Pernštejnské Jestřabí, Rojetín, Říkonín, Skryje, Tišnovská Nová Ves, Újezd u Tišnova, Vratislávka, Žďárec	Žďár nad Sázavou	Brno-venkov
Senorady	Třebíč	Brno-venkov
Huzová, Moravský Beroun, Norberčany	Bruntál	Olomouc

Municipality	From LAU1 district	To LAU1 district
n 1 January 2007		
Sedlec-Prčice	Benešov	Příbram
Olovnice	Kladno	Mělník
Vrbová Lhota	Kolín	Nymburk
Černé Voděrady	Kolín	Praha-východ
•	Kolín	· · · · · ·
Jevany	=	Praha-východ
Konojedy	Kolín	Praha-východ
Kostelec nad Černými Lesy	Kolín	Praha-východ
Kozojedy	Kolín	Praha-východ
Nučice	Kolín	Praha-východ
Oleška	Kolín	Praha-východ
Oplany	Kolín	Praha-východ
Prusice	Kolín	Praha-východ
Stříbrná Skalice	Kolín	Praha-východ
Štíhlice	Kolín	Praha-východ
Vlkančice	Kolín	Praha-východ
Výžerky	Kolín	Praha-východ
Vyžlovka	Kolín	Praha-východ
Borek	Mělník	Praha-východ
Dřísy	Mělník	Praha-východ
Konětopy	Mělník	Praha-východ
Křenek	Mělník	Praha-východ
Lhota	Mělník	Praha-východ
Záryby	Mělník	Praha-východ
Hlavenec	Mladá Boleslav	Praha-východ
Kostelní Hlavno	Madá Boleslav	Praha-východ
Sudovo Hlavno	Madá Boleslav	Praha-východ
Choťovice	Nymburk	Kolín
Pňov-Předhradí	Nymburk	Kolín
Tatce	Nymburk	Kolín
Žehuň	Nymburk	Kolín
Žehanice	Praha-východ	Benešov
Čakovičky	Praha-východ	Mělník
Kojetice	Praha-východ	Mělník
Rojetice Postřižín	-	lvieinik Mělník
	Praha-východ	
Dolany	Praha-západ	Mělník
Lány	Rakovník	Kladno Česká Budžiavias
Dražíč Čankov v Backoně	Písek	České Budějovice
Čenkov u Bechyně	Tábor	České Budějovice
Černíkov	Domažlice	Klatovy
Borovy	Klatovy	Plzeň-jih
Nezdice	Klatovy	Plzeň-jih
Chválenice	Plzeň-jih	Plzeň-město
Letkov	Plzeň-jih	Plzeň-město
Lhůta	Plzeň-jih	Plzeň-město
Losiná	Plzeň-jih	Plzeň-město
Mokrouše	Plzeň-jih	Plzeň-město
Nezbavětice	Plzeň-jih	Plzeň-město
Nezvěstice	Plzeň-jih	Plzeň-město
Starý Plzenec	Plzeň-jih	Plzeň-město
Šťáhlavy	Plzeň-jih	Plzeň-město
Štěnovický Borek	Plzeň-jih	Plzeň-město
Tymákov	Plzeň-jih	Plzeň-město
Dýšina	Pizeň-sever	Plzeň-město
Chrást	Pizeň-sever	Plzeň-město
Kyšice	Pizeň-sever	Plzeň-město
Teplá	Karlovy Vary	Cheb
	I manary vary	565
Jablonné v Podještědí	Česká Lípa	Liberec

Municipality From LAU1 district To LAU1 district On 1 January 2007 Hradec Králové Jílovice Rychnov nad Kněžnou Rychnov nad Kněžnou Hradec Králové Ledce Vysoký Újezd Rychnov nad Kněžnou Hradec Králové Ústí nad Orlicí Leština Chrudim Ústí nad Orlicí Nové Hrady Chrudim Chrudim Ústí nad Orlicí Řepníky Stradouň Chrudim Ústí nad Orlicí Chrudim Ústí nad Orlicí Vinary Radhošť Pardubice Ústí nad Orlicí Týnišťko Pardubice Ústí nad Orlicí Němčice Ústí nad Orlicí Svitavy Sloupnice Ústí nad Orlicí Svitavy Vlčkov Ústí nad Orlicí Svitavy Meziříčko Žďár nad Sázavou Jihlava Třebíč Brtnička .lihlava Třebíč .lihlava Hrutov Kněžice Třebíč Jihlava Oslavička Třebíč Žďár nad Sázavou Tasov Třebíč Žďár nad Sázavou Běleč Blansko Brno-venkov Brumov Blansko Brno-venkov Březina Blansko Brno-venkov Bukovice Blansko Brno-venkov Hluboké Dvory Blansko Brno-venkov Lomnice Blansko Brno-venkov Ochoz u Tišnova Blansko Brno-venkov Blansko Osiky Brno-venkov Rašov Blansko Brno-venkov Blansko Rohozec Brno-venkov Strhaře Blansko Brno-venkov Brno-venkov Synalov Blansko Unín Blansko Brno-venkov Zhoř Blansko Brno-venkov Cvrčovice Břeclav Brno-venkov Břeclav Brno-venkov lvaň Pasohlávky Břeclav Brno-venkov Pohořelice Břeclav Brno-venkov Přibice Břeclav Brno-venkov Vlasatice Břeclav Brno-venkov Vranovice Břeclav Brno-venkov Mouchnice Vyškov Hodonín Branišovice Znojmo Brno-venkov Loděnice Brno-venkov Znojmo Šumice Brno-venkov Znojmo Troskotovice Brno-venkov Znojmo Lipinka Šumperk Olomouc Bělov Kroměříž Bruntál Sosnová Opava Horní Bludovice Frýdek-Místek Karviná Stará Ves nad Ondřejnicí Frýdek-Místek Ostrava-město Šenov Frýdek-Místek Ostrava-město Václavovice Frýdek-Místek Ostrava-město Vratimov Frýdek-Místek Ostrava-město Klimkovice Nový Jičín Ostrava-město Nový Jičín Ostrava-město Olbramice Vřesina Nový Jičín Ostrava-město Zbyslavice Nový Jičín Ostrava-město Čavisov Ostrava-město Opava Opava Dolní Lhota Ostrava-město Opava Horní Lhota Ostrava-město Velká Polom Opava Ostrava-město

In this publication, all data refer to the current territorial division (current districts) that has been in force since 1 January 2015.

In the presented tables the code stated behind the name of the district is by the classification CZ-LAU1 and the code stated behind the name of the region is by the classification CZ-NUTS3.

All data refer to the resident population of the district, irrespective of citizenship. Since 2001, the figures also include (in accordance with the Population and Housing Census 2001) foreigners with long-term stay (i.e. the stay based on visa over 90 days, as stipulated by Act No. 326/1999 Coll.) and foreigners with granted asylum status (in compliance with Act No. 325/1999 Coll.). Since 1 May 2004, in accordance with amendment No. 326/1999 Coll., the figures include citizens of the European Union with temporary stay on the territory of the Czech Republic, and citizens of other countries with long-term stay. The data also contain information on events (marriages, births and deaths) of permanent residents of CR that occurred abroad.

The population as of 31 December of given year is equal the population as of 1 January of the next year. And, the population as of 31 December of given year is computed as the population as of 1 January of given year plus total population increase. It is not true for years in which the population census was held, when the stock as of 31 December of the year before census is not equal the stock as of 1 January of census year.

The disagreement between the population as of 31 December and 1 January by the districts could be also due to the shifts of municipalities between the districts possibly to the extraordinary adjustments of the municipality population stocks.

Definitions of marriages, divorces, births, abortions and deaths and the derived indicators are given in the Demographic Yearbook of the Czech Republic (code 130067-14).

The delivery of quintuplets was recorded in 2013 in the district Nymburk.

The mid-population of the municipalities (as of 1 July) by age unit has been not available from 2001 so it is impossible to adjust the mid-population of the district according to the shifts of the municipalities between districts. For that reason the total fertility rate and the total abortion rate were calculated from the number of live births and abortions by the birth-year of a woman and from the average women population by the birth-year.

Migration statistics include changes in the place of permanent residence from municipality to municipality in the Czech Republic or abroad (external migration). The total number (internal plus external migration) is published here. The statistics measures the number of moves, not the number of migrants – one person could possibly move twice or more times. The term 'immigrant' is used for immigrant into a district, the term 'emigrant' for emigrant out of a district, in both cases refer to movement across the district line (so as including international migration). The intra-district migration refers to the migration between municipalities within one district (i.e. not cross district line).

## Symbols used in tables:

- The symbol of dash in place of a figure indicates that the phenomenon did not occur.
- . The symbol of dot shows that the figure is not available or cannot be relied on.
- *x* The symbol of small cross shows that the figure is not applicable.
- O The symbol of zero in a table designates figures smaller than half of the unit of measure chosen.