

1. Summary

Settlement structure

- *Jihomoravský region ranks fourth in the Czech Republic by its area of 7 195 sq. km and population of 1.16 million and third in its population density of 162 inhabitants per sq. km.*
- *There are 673 municipalities in the region, divided into 21 administrative units of municipalities with extended powers (subregions) and 7 districts.*
- *Municipalities have the total of 902 municipal parts and 1 583 basic settlement units.*
- *There are 49 municipalities with the town status, where reside 62.8 % of the region's population (the sixth lowest share in the country).*
- *In the region the average municipality has over 1 700 inhabitants and covers an area of 11 sq. km.*
- *The smallest municipalities are Březina and Říkonín, Brno is the largest one. There are 116 municipalities in the region with less than 200 inhabitants. On the average the smallest municipalities are found in subregions of Tišnov, Moravský Krumlov and Boskovice.*
- *The majority of the population are both usual and permanent residents of the region. There are, however, 62.2 thousand persons who are only usual residents of the region and 62.7 thousand persons who are only permanent residents.*

Population

- *Average age in the region reached 41.1 years. The highest average age is observed in Brno and in the smallest municipalities (41.6 years), whereas average age of the population in subregions of Kuřim, Židlochovice and Šlapanice is below 40 years.*
- *The age group under 15 years constitutes 14.0 % of the region's population (the third lowest share nationwide). The age group of 65 years or older comprises 16.5 % of the population (the fifth highest share nationwide). The aging index (115.9 persons of the 65 years or older per 100 persons under 15 years) is the fifth highest in the country, aging index values are lower in the region capital's suburban municipalities.*
- *Over 43 % of population aged 15 years or older were married and 40 % were never married. The highest share of married population is located in subregions of Šlapanice and Tišnov and the highest one of never married and divorced is observed in Brno and subregion of Mikulov.*
- *There are 1 568 children born alive for every 1 000 women, fertility rate is below the national average. Number of children born to the current generation of women is lower, average number of live born children increases along with the higher age groups. Number of live born children decreases with higher attained education but it is higher for mothers with a religious belief.*
- *There are 36.3 thousands foreign citizens living in the region, representing 3.1 % of population. Most of them came from Ukraine, Slovakia and Vietnam.*
- *Czech ethnicity was declared by 48 % of the region's population, least of all regions, and 21.9 % declared Moravian ethnicity (most of all regions), 23.7 % of population did not respond this voluntary question. Over a half of population in subregions of Znojmo and Boskovice declared Czech ethnicity, almost one third of population in subregion of Hustopeče declared Moravian ethnicity.*
- *Over a half of the region's population was born in the municipality of their current usual residence, the third highest share among the regions. The lowest share of natives is found in the vicinity of Brno, the highest one in subregion of Veselí nad Moravou.*
- *Religious belief question was not responded by 42.4 % of population. Of those who responded 334 thousands, i.e. 49.9 % are believers. This is the third highest share in the country. In the region the highest share is observed in subregions of Veselí nad Moravou, Kyjov and Boskovice, while the lowest were found in ones of Ivančice and Mikulov.*
- *With regard to education attainment, 30.9 % of population aged 15 years or older have an upper secondary education (including post-secondary) and 14.7 % had a tertiary education (second highest rate in the country). A higher share of tertiary or higher educated people is found in vicinity of Brno. Women prevail in the youngest generation of tertiary level educated population.*

Economic activity of population

- *In the region there are 572.0 thousands of economically active persons (511.8 thousands employed and 60.2 thousands unemployed), 541.0 thousands of economically inactive persons and 50.5 thousands of people the economic activity was not responded. Thus, 49.2 % of the region's population is economically active, the third highest share nationwide.*
- *Almost a half of economically inactive is falls to the category of non-working pensioners.*
- *The rate of economic activity is affected by the age structure of the population. Therefore a lower share of economically active population is seen in smaller municipalities (Boskovicko, Tišnovsko) and the highest in Pohořelicko, Slavkovsko and in Brno.*

- Most of employed are comprised by employees, entrepreneurs and contributing family workers..Among employed should also be included working pensioners (4.6 % of employed) and women on maternity leave (2.2 % of employed). The highest share of working pensioners in employed population is observed in Brno and the lowest in subregion of Moravský Krumlov.
- In the region 68.4 % of men aged 15 years or older were economically active, their rate of economic activity ranks fourth in the country. However, the rate of economic activity of women is only 52.8 % (ranking eighth in the country).
- With regard to education attainment, most economically active men have lower secondary education (42.4 %), as far as women are concerned, they mostly have an upper secondary education (43.1 %). One fifth of economically active population has a tertiary education (men 20.3 % and women 19.3 %).
- A quarter of employed population works in industry, 7.9 % in construction (the second highest share) and 6.7 % of employed worked in education branch (the highest share in the country).
- With regard to status in employment, 78.3 % of employed persons are employees. Own-account workers and employers constitute 16.6 % of employed (the fourth highest share in the country). The highest share of entrepreneurs was observed in subregions of Šlapanice and Kuřim.

Commuting to work and school

- In the region there are 185.3 thousands commuters to work or school with identified destination of commuting, of which 84.2 % commute to another district of the region. There are 18.9 thousands commuters to another region and 6.4 thousands commute abroad. The destination of commuting was not identified for one third of employed and students.
- Almost 85 % of commuters to work and over 77 % commuters to school commutes daily. The rate of commuting to schools is the second highest among regions. Although more males than females commute to work out of their municipality of usual residence, women more frequently commute to work daily.
- In the region 55 % of commuters use a car (either only or in a combination with another means of transport). This share is the second lowest in the country.
- The most of commuting out of the region is directed to Prague and to Zlínský region. Jihomoravský region is a commuting destination for 42.6 thousands commuters to work or school from other regions. Negative balance of commuting is in Jihomoravský region observed only in the relation to the Capital of Prague.
- Brno is the main commuting destination – it has a positive balance of commuting to work (44.3 thousands of people) and to school (42.3 thousands of people).

Households

- There are 473.5 thousands of housekeeping households in the region, on average there are 2.42 members per one household, the third highest rate among the regions.
- Housekeeping households in the region consist of 233.5 thousands households with 1 one-couple family, 62.1 thousands households with 1 lone-parent family, 10.5 thousands households with 2 or more families, 145.1 thousands one-person households and 22.2 thousands multi-person non-family households.
- One-couple family households (with or without dependent children) comprise 49.3 % of all housekeeping households. The share of one-couple family households exceeded 50 % in 22 subregions. However the total region rate is affected by regional capital Brno, where the share of one-couple family households reaches only 41.3 %.
- In the region 58.4 % of one-couple family households and 51.4 % of lone-parent households are without dependent children.
- The share of lone-parent households follows correspond with growing municipality size. In Brno the share reached 13.0 % of family households, while it reached only 6.9 % in subregion Hustopeče. Mothers with children constitute 84.6 % of lone-parent families, there are, however, also 4.7 thousands fathers with children.
- Of all one-family households, there are 210.0 thousands married couples and 23.0 thousands cohabiting couples. In cohabiting couples, almost a half women are 34 years old or younger and one fifth women are 50 years old or older. On the contrary, in married couples over a half women are 50 years old or older and in 15.6 % women are 34 years old or younger.
- One-person households form 30.6 % of housekeeping households (the sixth lowest in the country). This rate is below 28.0 % in most of subregions. However, one-person households comprise 37.0 % of housekeeping households in Brno. A half of persons living alone are economically inactive.

Buildings and dwellings

- *The region's housing stock is comprised by 225.0 thousands of occupied and 34.6 thousands of vacant buildings. Vacant buildings are usually family houses in smaller municipalities, used for seasonal or recreational purposes.*
- *Family houses comprise 89.7 % of occupied buildings, the fourth highest share in the country. While the share of family houses surpassed 90 % in all subregions, it reached only 71.2 % in Brno.*
- *One quarter of occupied buildings are from the pre-war period and another quarter was constructed or renovated in the last 20 years. Average age of occupied apartment building reached 46.9 years, the fourth lowest age among regions.*
- *In the last two decades 49.4 thousands family houses were constructed or renovated (24.5 % of the occupied family houses total) and 2.6 thousands apartment buildings (13.2 %). The highest rate of buildings constructed within the last 20 years is observed in municipalities in the vicinity of the region's capital.*
- *Technical facilities of buildings are comparable regardless of the size group of a given municipality, with the exception of public sewage disposal (the share is lower in smaller municipalities).*
- *The dwelling stock of the region is comprised by 443.4 thousands of occupied and 60.1 thousands of vacant dwellings. There are 224.0 thousands occupied dwellings in family houses (the share of 50.5 % is the sixth highest among the regions).*
- *There are 83.6 % of dwellings located in private family houses. In apartment buildings most dwellings are rental (41.0 %) or owned by natural persons (34.8 %).*
- *Availability of piped gas in occupied dwellings reached 83.1 %, the highest rate in the country.*
- *Average occupied dwelling in the region has 66.7 sq. m of useful floor space, 2.56 inhabitants and has 3.84 rooms over 8 sq. m, there are 32.0 sq. m per one person and 0.75 person per one room.*