***31. SELECTED INDICATORS ON COHESION REGIONS AND REGIONS***

The NUTS classification (from the French version Nomenclature des Unités Territoriales Statistiques) is a fundamental tool for providing of statistical information to the European Union. At present, it comprises four NUTS levels, which are defined by the population size and area (NUTS 3 level is the lowest). At lower levels, so-called local administrative units (LAU) have been introduced. Prague is not broken down into LAU levels.

*NUTS 0 refers to the* ***state of the Czech Republic***

*NUTS 1 refers to the* ***territory of the Czech Republic***

*NUTS 2 refers to* ***cohesion regions****, i.e. to 8 groupings of NUTS 3 Regions*

*NUTS 3 refers to* ***Regions****, i.e. to 14 higher territorial self-governing units*

*LAU refers to* ***municipalities****, i.e. to 6 258 municipalities (as at 1 January 2021)*

***Summary of cohesion regions (NUTS 2) and Regions (NUTS 3):***

**NUTS 2 NUTS 3**

**Praha** Hl. m. Praha *Region* (PHA)

**Střední Čechy** Středočeský *Region* (STČ)

**Jihozápad** Jihočeský *Region* (JHČ)

Plzeňský *Region* (PLK)

**Severozápad** Karlovarský *Region* (KVK)

Ústecký *Region* (ULK)

**Severovýchod** Liberecký *Region* (LBK)

Královéhradecký *Region* (HKK)

Pardubický *Region* (PAK)

**Jihovýchod** Vysočina *Region* (VYS)

Jihomoravský *Region* (JHM)

**Střední Morava** Olomoucký *Region* (OLK)

Zlínský *Region* (ZLK)

**Moravskoslezsko** Moravskoslezský Region (MSK)

## *Notes on Tables*

***Immigrants*** *are in the regional context persons, who moved/migrated (registered a change of their place of residence) to a given cohesion region (or a Region) from another cohesion region (or a Region) or from abroad.* ***Emigrants*** *are in the regional context persons, who from the given cohesion region (or a Region) migrated out (registered a change of their place of residence) to another cohesion region (or a Region) or to abroad. Data for the Czech Republic include only persons who migrated from abroad or to abroad.*

***Gross domestic product*** *in the breakdown by Region is based mainly on the production method of calculation as a sum of values added of local units (workplaces), which are economically active in the territory of a given Region and net taxes on products.*

***Net disposable income of households*** *is an amount, which households (residents in the territory of a Region) can spend on final consumption, savings in the form of financial assets, and accumulation of tangible and intangible assets. It shows the way the balance of primary income is redistributed: by current taxes, social contributions and social benefits, and other current transfers.*

*The****average monthly amount of old-age pension*** *as at 31 December of the reference year is the average amount of full single old-age pension paid in December per pensioner.*

***Data sources:***

The data are produced by the CZSO unless a source is given.

*Unemployment, job vacancies: Ministry of Labour and Social Affairs*

*Social security: Czech Social Security Administration, calculation according to the Ministry of Labour and Social Affairs*

*Crime: Police Presidium of the CR*

*Road accidents: Police Presidium of the CR, Directorate of the Traffic Police Service*

\* \* \*

Further information can be found on the website of the Czech Statistical Office at:

– [www.czso.cz/csu/czso/regions\_towns\_](https://www.czso.cz/csu/czso/regions_towns_)