

Methodological notes

All data refer to citizens of the Czech Republic and foreigners with permanent residence in the Czech Republic, third-country nationals with temporary residence in the territory of the Czech Republic based on a long-term visa (over 90 days), nationals of the EU Member States, Norway, Switzerland, Iceland, Liechtenstein and their family members with notified temporary residence in the territory of the Czech Republic and foreigners with valid asylum status in the Czech Republic.

The data include also events (marriages, births and deaths) of Czech citizens with the permanent residence in the Czech Republic that occurred abroad and were registered in the Czech Republic within a period that allows their inclusion in the statistics.

For definitions of demographic events and the most commonly, used demographic indicators see <https://www.czso.cz/csu/czso/population-change-methodology>.

Age (in years, days) means completed age.

From 2021, the Administrative Districts of Municipalities with Extended Powers ('AD MEP') are defined by the Act No 51/2020 Sb, on the Territorial Administrative Division of the State, and by implementing Decree No 346/2020 Sb, on the determination of the administrative districts of municipalities with extended powers, the territory of districts of the capital city of Prague and the inclusion of certain municipalities to another district (in previous years they were determined by the Decree No 388/2002 Sb as subsequently amended).

The codes given after the name of the AD MEP are the codes according to the AD MEP nomenclature; the code given in the tables after the name of the district is the code of the district according to the OKRES_LAU territorial nomenclature; the code after the name of the region is the code of the region according to the CZ-NUTS classification of territorial statistical units.

The publication contains data on the population and population change of the individual administrative districts of municipalities with extended powers in the ten-year time series 2012—2021 with all data referring to the **territory of the given SO ORP valid as of 1 January 2022**. The presented data for the individual administrative districts are thus fully comparable over time¹. There are 205 AD MEPs in the Czech Republic, Prague is not included.

The following territorial changes of the AD MEP took place in this period:

As of 1 January 2012 the municipality of Dolní Lutyně was moved from the AD MEP of Orlová to the AD MEP of Bohumín. The Act No 15/2015 Sb, effective from 1 January 2016, abolished the Brdy Military Area located in the AD MEP of Příbram and set up new boundaries of other military districts. In accordance with the change in the territorial determination of the cadastral areas concerned, the borders and population size of the AD MEP of Hořovice, Příbram, Český Krumlov, Prachatice, Rokycany, Karlovy Vary, Ostrov, Kadaň, Podbořany, Vyškov, Hranice, Olomouc, Prostějov and Šternberk were changed.

¹ In the case of a change in the territorial determination of an AD MEP in a given time series, the data presented here for the years prior to this change differ from the data presented in other outputs of demographic statistics of the Czech Statistical Office and in the Public database for the given AD MEP and year.

Part of the population of the AD MEP of Příbram was newly integrated in the AD MEP of Rokycany (to the municipality of Skořice) and the AD MEP of Hořovice (to the municipality of Zaječov). Part of the population of the Military Area Boletice in the AD MEP of Český Krumlov was newly incorporated in the AD MEP of Prachatice (to the municipalities of Křišťanov and Ktiš). Population of the Military Area Březina in the AD MEP of Vyškov was newly integrated in the AD MEP of Prostějov (to the municipalities of Krumsín and Otaslavice). Part of the population of the AD MEP of Karlovy Vary was incorporated in the AD MEP of Ostrov (to the municipalities of Doupovské Hradiště and Stráž nad Ohří), AD MEP of Podbořany (to the municipality of Podbořanský Rohozec) and the AD MEP of Kadaň (to municipality of Radonice). Part of the population of Military Area Libavá in the AD MEP of Olomouc was newly incorporated in the AD MEP Hranice (to municipality of Luboměř pod Strážnou) and the AD MEP of Šternberk (to the municipality of Město Libavá).

As of 1 January 2021 the municipalities of Bříství, Kounice and Vykáň were moved from the AD MEP of Český Brod to the AD MEP of Lysá nad Labem, the municipality of Frýdštejn was moved from the AD MEP of Turnov to the AD MEP of Jablonec nad Nisou, and the municipality of the Věžnice was moved from the AD MEP of Jihlava to the AD MEP of Havlíčkův Brod.

Mid-year population is used to calculate annual relative indicators, which show the number of events per 1,000 population. Mid-year population represents the population of a given area at midnight between the 30th June and the 1st July of the reference year, as a result of population balance of a given area from the beginning of the year to the end of June².

Marriages are territorially classified according to the groom's place of residence (unless otherwise stated). The average age of the groom/bride at marriage is based on the distribution of the number of marriages by age of groom/bride.

Data on divorces are provided to the Czech Statistical Office by the Ministry of Justice of the Czech Republic. Divorces are territorially classified according to the last common residence of the married couple. The duration of the marriage is based on the date of the marriage and the date when divorce became legally effective.

The births are territorially classified according to the mother's place of residence at the time of birth. Until 2013, the birth order of the child took all children born to the woman into account (i.e. including stillbirths), from 2014, the birth order is collected only for live births and from live births. The average age of mother at childbirth is based on the distribution of the number of live births by age of mother.

The data on abortions are provided to the Czech Statistical Office by the Institute of Health Information and Statistics of the Czech Republic (IHIS CR). The classifications used by IHIS CR are adopted without change. Territorially, abortions are classified according to the woman's place of residence at the time of the abortion.

Causes of death are coded according to the 10th revision of the International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems (ICD-10) and its updates issued by the World Health Organization (WHO). Since 2011, the Czech Statistical Office has been selecting the underlying cause of death automatically, using the programme for automated coding (IRIS).

² Only the total population is obtained by the population balance as at 1 July. The average population by age is calculated as the arithmetic average of the population at the beginning and the end of the year. The difference between the sum of the average population by age and the total population balanced as at 1 July is dissolved into the selected age units.



Data on migration (immigrants, emigrants, net migration) refer to the changes of permanent residence, or in case of foreigners also of temporary residence (see above), from a municipality to other municipality across the borders of the AD MEP or from/in the AD MEP abroad/from abroad. The publication presents data for total migration, i.e. in aggregate of internal and external migration. In addition, the inter-municipal migration within the AD MEP is also presented (with the exception of the AD MEP of Brno, which is consisted of one municipality only).

Symbols used in the tables:

Hyphen (-)	in place of the number indicates that the phenomenon did not occur
Dot (.)	in place of the number indicates that the data is not available or is unreliable
Letter (x)	a horizontal cross in place of the number indicates that record is not possible for logical reasons