## I. Basic methodological approaches

Since 2002 the **LFS questionnaire** has been fully harmonised with standards of Eurostat and has corresponded to the contents of the Council Regulation (EU) No. 577/98. Nevertheless, the content and structure of Eurostat's standard is still developing and in this context the CZSO makes appropriate adjustments to the national LFSS questionnaire. However, the contents and formal structure of publication are kept in the same form as they were in last years and they enable good orientation with respect to the publications for previous quarters. At the same time the continuity and consistence of statistical data are ensured in the required time sequence.

On 1 January 2000, a territorial structure of the Czech Republic, dividing the country into **14 Regions** ("higher territorial administrative units"), became effective based on the Constitutional Act No. 347/97 Coll. In this context and for statistical and analytical needs, as well as for the needs of the European Commission, eight statistical territorial units (**Areas**) were defined within the Czech Republic in compliance with the Resolution of Cabinet of the CR No. 707/1998. The territorial structure of the Czech Republic complies with the system of NUTS (La Nomenclature des Unités Territoriales Statistiques) used in the EU Member States. The above change has been taken into account in this LFSS publication, which gives an insight into the labour market at all the basic levels, i.e. NUTS 1 - the Czech Republic, NUTS 2 - statistical Areas and NUTS 3 - Regions.

The LFSS concentrates on households living in dwellings chosen at random. It addresses all persons living usually in the dwellings, disregarding the type of their stay there (permanent, temporary or non-registered). For persons under 15, only basic data are asked for: relationship to the head of household, age, sex and nationality. Persons 15+ are supposed to answer additional questions concerning their status in the labour market. The survey does not cover persons living in collective accommodation establishments for a long period of time, which is why data on certain population groups (foreign nationals living and working in the CR in particular) are rather scarce. According to Eurostat, such data can be retrieved from administrative sources or acquired via a separate survey taken outside the LFSS.

In each quarter of the year 2020, the sample comprised on less them **23 thousand dwellings** on the territory of the Czech Republic (0.6 % of all dwellings permanently lived in), in which over **49 thousand respondents of all age groups** were surveyed, including almost **42 thousand respondents aged 15 or more**. This sample size makes it possible to get estimates of labour market characteristics at the national level and also regional estimates with reliability required by Eurostat.

**All data** from the sample were reweighed onto average annual age structure of population according to demographic projection of quarterly middle states for Labour Force Sample Survey. The mentioned method of recounting corresponds the best to the group of persons included into survey (permanent residents).

The LFSS is a continuous survey, whose results are evaluated and released on a quarterly basis. The results are released three months after the end of the reference quarter. The average annual data are issued within the deadline of six month after the end of surveyed calendar year.

**From 2011 data are not** separately published **for the civilian sector**. All previously published tables for the civilian sector (table type 300) are published for the whole national economy, in the same format, while retaining headers and columns.

**From 2011**, **some indicators are surveyed on a limited extent** and therefore the data are not part of regular quarterly and annual publications. Relevant data will be published **just as the annual data** and can be requested through the Information Service of the Czech Statistical Office. These earlier regularly published variables are (in annual averages in the previous years table No.):

- Fields of education (103, 105, 203, 403)
- Reasons for economic inactivity (107)

- Persons with disabilities (108)

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  The respondent's situation a year ago (109)
  The reason for part-time work (311)
  Work in atypical time in shifts, evening, night, Saturday, Sunday (313)
  Since 2014, the fields of education again collected quarterly.
  Fields of education (103, 105, 203, 403) Note: Data is possible provide on request.